

Welcome

Qualifications and Credentials Platform (QCP)

2nd meeting of Steering Group

www.acqf.africa
https://twitter.com/ACQFAfrica

ACQF is born. Supporting innovation, NQF, holistic approach, South-South dialogue

16 April 2024











Welcome to 2nd meeting of ACQF QCP

- Present and agree the objectives and role of the QCP Steering Group
- Present and clarify the reports of Activities 1 and 2 of the Action Plan of the QCP
 - 1. Baseline analysis: stakeholders needs and state-of-play of QDB
 - 2. Architecture report of the QCP:
 - a) Prioritise user stories
 - b) Software architecture
 - c) Data architecture
 - 3. Next steps



Time GMT	Duration	Agenda Item	Facilitator
08:30	20 mins	Opening. Introduction to QCP Steering Group	ACQF-II coordinator
08:50	20 mins	Presentation of the Stakeholders' Needs Assessment - Baseline Analysis Report	PPMI, KIC
09:10	15 mins	Clarification of Qualitative Questions to the Audience	PPMI, KIC
09:25	10 mins	Audience Q&A	PPMI, KIC
09:35	10 mins	Break	
09:45	15 mins	Presentation of Architecture Report: Prioritise User Stories	KIC
10:00	10 mins	Q&A: Prioritise User Stories	KIC
10:10	25 mins	Presentation of Architecture Report: Software Architecture	Cognizone
10:35	10 mins	Q&A: Software Architecture	Cognizone
10:45	15 mins	Presentation of Architecture Report: Data Architecture	Cognizone
11:00	10 mins	Q&A: Data Architecture	Cognizone
11:10	10 mins	Acknowledgements, wrap-up, next steps. Closure.	ACQF-II coordinator

ACQF

QCP Steering Group: definition, members (1)

- The QCP Steering Group (SG) is the main space for dialogue, exchanges of information and comments between the actors involved in the different phases and activities of the QCP.
- Members of the Steering Group
 - The representative(s) of the countries involved and benefiting of the QCP
 - Other interested stakeholders and experts from African countries and institutions
 - The consortium in charge of technical implementation of the QCP (Cognizone, PPMI, Knowledge Innovation Centre).
 - ACQF-II project coordinator
 - ETF experts
- The Members of the QCP SG are nominated or indicated by the relevant national institutions. They are invited to participate in online meetings (webinars) and workshops organised by the ACQF-II project.
- ACQF-II project organises a series of thematic and policy workshops in 2024, which include agenda points related to the QCP. ACQF-II finances the participation of the members of QCP SG in relevant ACQF-II workshops, in accordance with the agreed rules and practices. These costs normally include return ticket in economy class, hotel room and full board, visa and transfer costs.



QCP Steering Group: main functions (2)

1. To contribute to steering of the activities of the ACQF QCP

2. To provide and discuss ideas and recommendations on the main proposals and deliverables developed in the context of the QCP

3. To create a team of informed and trained African stakeholders and experts on all matters related to the QCP

4. To validate the main proposals and deliverables of the QCP

5. communicate information and updates on the QCP at national, regional, continental levels and globally, as adequate

6. To support the handover of QCP to the competent entity at the end of 2026.

ACQF QCP development - plan and main milestones

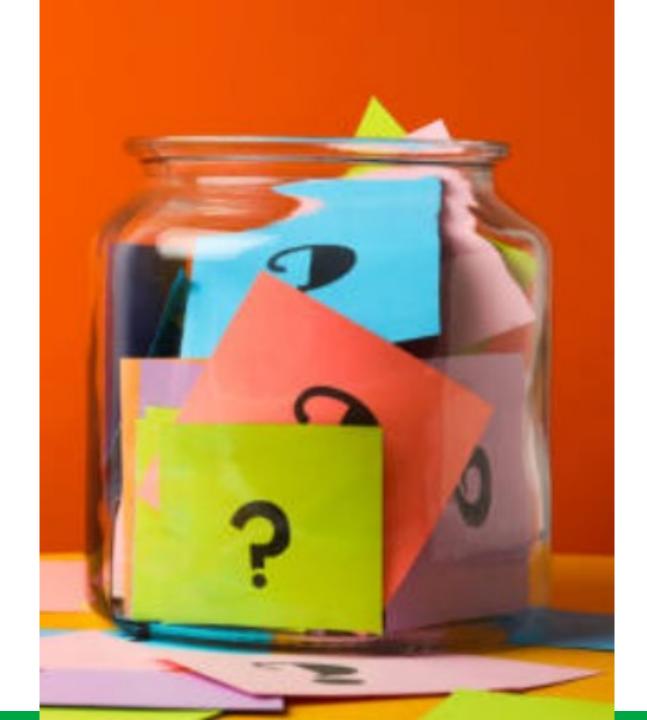
Phase	Main outputs	Main activities	Period and milestones
Phase 1	Proof of concept of the QCP, including national and continental QCP layers	 Technical concept report, including analysis of options for QCP Stakeholders' needs analysis 	02/2024 to 04/2024
Phase 2	Developed QCP and first demonstration, plus training materials	 Development of the system of databases with key functionalities. Data collection Training of involved stakeholders, experts 	05/2024 to 12/2024
Phase 3	Scaled, improved, finalised QCP with data and trained stakeholders/experts	 Feedback. Finetuning of QCP Scaling the system of QCP Launch of full QCP Monitoring and training. 	01/2025 to 04/2026
Phase 4	Final operationalisation and handover	 Learners' feedback Final operationalisation steps Handover to African Qualifications Network and AU 	05/2026 to 12/2026

ACQF Meetings of the QCP SG – indicative plan

- 08/03/2024: webinar launch and information on Activities 1 and 2 (Proof of concept, stakeholders' needs analysis). Participants: priority countries, technical implementation consortium, ACQF-II coordination. Meeting conducted.
- 16/04/2024: webinar presentation of results of QCP stakeholders' needs analysis; brief overview of main QCP technical options, data model, plan.
- 09/2024: webinar presentation of training materials for capacity development and progress on the development of the QCP foundations
- 12/2024: webinar demonstration of the QCP database (first version)
- 03/2025: webinar presentation of data collection coordination and the first live version of the QCP
- 09/2025: webinar presentation of the training programme progress and gathering feedback for the final development phase of QCP
- 03/2026: webinar final showcase of the QCP and planning of the handover process
- 09/2026: webinar presentation of draft of concluding materials of the project, learners feedback report, handbook and handover protocols



Questions? Suggestions?



Annex – overall presentation ACQF



Topics





ACQF as Policy Instrument



ACQF-II project (2023-2026)



Supporting synchronisation and change

1. ACQF is born

ACQF as a policy instrument

ACQF Policy Document:

- Underpinned by AU policies and strategies
- Went through normal technical validation process within ACQF AG: 2 consultation meetings and final survey
- ➤ Reviewed by AUC leadership (June-Sept 2022); green light for official AU approval process
- Conclusion: at the Addis ACQF Conference, 11-13/July 2023. Delegates of **33** AU MS validated the ACQF Policy Document. This is the birth of the ACQF as a framework. Last round of approval STC-EST meeting 2024



African Continental Qualifications Framework (ACQF)

ACQF Policy Document

Submitted for African Union Member State Validation
Exercise

Version: 17 November 2022



Cadre continental africain des certifications (ACQF)

Document de politique de l'ACQF

Pour validation par les états membres de l'Union Africaine

Version du 17 novembre 2022



ACQF ACQF development: end 2019-2022 (3 years)

09/2019: kick-off conference ACQF, Addis

2020: ACQF Mapping Study (14 national, 3 regional reports)

2020-2022: ACQF **Peer Learning** Webinars (15)

2021: ACQF-AQVN Peer Learning Webinars (5)

2021: launched www.acqf.africa website

2021: First African School Curriculum Study

2022: 2 ACQF Training Weeks

2022: technical validation ACQF Policy Document with 10 **Guidelines and 10 Training** Modules (ACQF AG)

ACQF

AU Political and legal basis

- Agenda 2063 and its First Ten Year Implementation Plan
- CESA 16-25
- TVET Startegy
- AfCFTA
- AU Free Movement Protocol



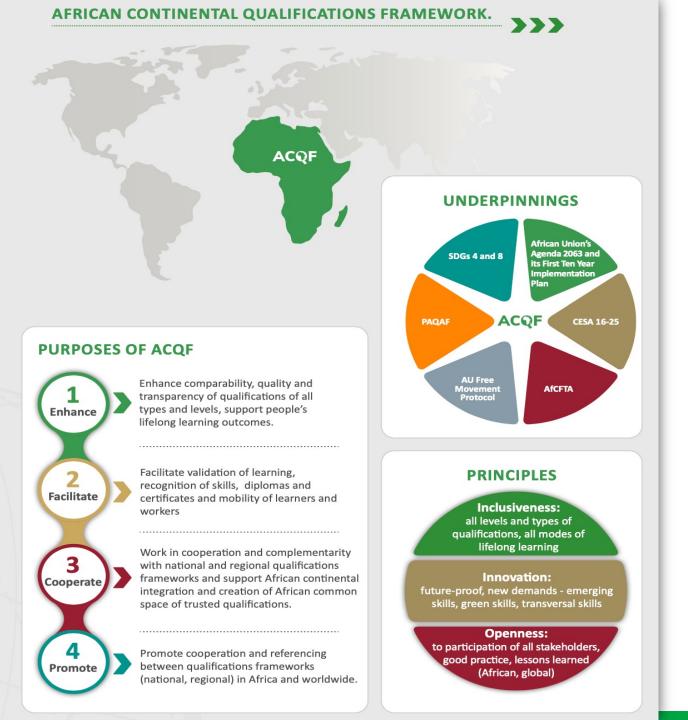
Focus on CESA 16-25

The ACQF is mentioned in strategic objective 4 of CESA 16-25. (African Union. CESA 16-25. pg 23).

- <u>Strategic objective 4</u> c) and d) explicitly refer to the establishment of qualifications frameworks, notably a continental qualifications framework linked with national and regional qualifications frameworks:
- Strategic objective 4: "Ensure acquisition of requisite knowledge and skills as well as improved completion rates at all levels and groups through harmonization processes across all levels for national and regional integration".
- a) Set up national qualification frameworks (NQFs) and regional qualification frameworks (RQFs) to facilitate the creation of multiple pathways to acquisition of skills and competencies as well as mobility across the sub-sectors
- b) Develop continental qualifications framework linked to regional qualifications and national qualification frameworks to facilitate regional integration and mobility of graduates



ACQF: underpinnings, purposes, principles





Conceptual technical design

Meta-qualifications framework

Comprehensive and inclusive scope: all levels, modes of learning

10 levels: whole continuum of qualifications of education and training systems

Level descriptors expressed as learning outcomes

Domains of learning: Knowledge, Skills, Autonomy and Responsibility

Supported by Quality Assurance

Learning outcomes orientation supports:

- ✓ Improve transparency and comparability of qualifications of different national systems
- ✓ Transparency and credibility of RPL and validation of outcomes from experience, access to quality RPL
- ✓ Application of credit accumulation and transfer systems in different academic and vocational pathways.
 - Access, learning progression, lifelong learning, flexibility,
 - In design of qualifications: facilitate transfer of components of qualifications

ACQF Conceptual-technical design

Contribution to facilitate recognition of foreign qualifications

- The transparency, information-sharing and mutual trust resulting from referencing levels of NQFs to ACQF levels contribute to transparency of recognition of foreign qualifications in the context of Africa and other continents.
- The ACQF and the national information bodies involved in the recognition of qualifications will share information on learning outcomes, levels and other characteristics of qualifications frameworks referenced to the ACQF.

Underpinned by quality assurance

- The ACQF as an overarching qualifications framework and a catalyst for NQF development is underpinned by quality assurance. Quality assurance is fundamental for trust in qualifications, and for their currency and mobility.
- Quality assurance is the subject of Criterion 4 of referencing to the ACQF, which states that the national quality assurance system for education and training refers to the national qualifications framework or system and is consistent with the principles of quality assurance of the ACQF.









African Continental Qualifications Framework (ACQF)

Inaugural workshop of the project ACQF-II (2023-2026)

11-13 July 2023 • Addis Ababa, Headquarters of the African Union



Supporting and connecting Qualifications Frameworks
Transparency and Mutual Trust in qualifications
Facilitating lifelong learning and mobility



ACQF-II is:

- 1. Capacity development
- 2. Support countries and regions: NQF development and implementation.
- 3. Governance. ACQF Qualifications Platform. RPL Campaign. Referencing NQF-ACQF. Common profiles of qualifications

www.acqf.africa

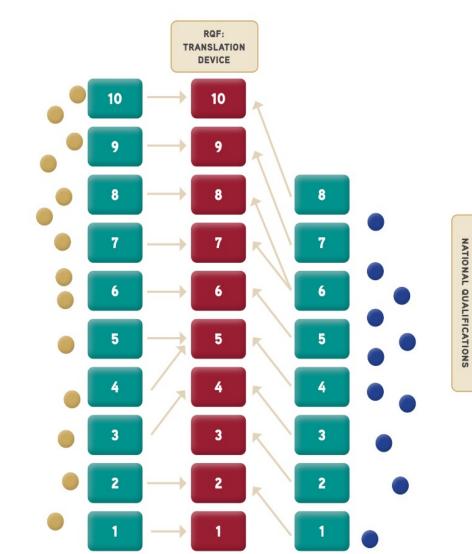
Main areas of activity of the ACQF

- **1.Referencing** of national qualifications frameworks and systems to the ACQF, following agreed criteria and procedures.
- **2. Support recognition of prior learning:** updated inventory of RPL systems on the continent, wide information and support campaign, national RPL policies
- 3. ACQF and Credentials Platform (QCP) database national and continental layers
- **4. Qualifications**: Development of qualifications profiles adequate for common continental use (e.g.: related with economic integration / AfCFTA).
- **5.** Capacity development in relevant areas. Online, onsite, hybrid.
- **6. Advocacy, communication, networking and cooperation:** African stakeholders (education and training, employment, social partners) and other RQFs globally
- **7.** Analysis, monitoring and evaluation: for continuous improvement.

ACQF

Referencing national qualifications frameworks or systems to ACQF

- ➤ ACQF aims at <u>connecting</u> the African national (and regional) qualifications frameworks. This core function is based on the process of <u>referencing to ACQF</u>.
- ➤ Referencing: process aimed at comparing national qualifications frameworks or systems to the ACQF following criteria and procedures (ACQF Guideline 3)
- At **national level**, referencing contributes to self-assessment of the status of the national qualifications framework or system, and to self-improvement.
- At continental level and between countries, referencing to the ACQF of a significant and increasing number of national qualifications or systems leads to the <u>creation of a common</u> <u>area of trusted qualifications</u> and enables the transformative potential of the ACQF for the continent.
- ➤ Following referencing to ACQF: countries use ACQF levels on newly issued documents related to qualifications and in registers / databases of qualifications.



ACQF Base for ACQF implementation: outputs ACQF-I (2020-2022)

- ACQF Policy Document
- ACQF Level descriptors
- 10 Guidelines
- 10 Training Modules
- ACQF Handbook
- Advisory Group ACQF



- ACQF Website
- Analysis, research: ACQF mapping study collection, feasibility study ACQF, study and handbook on Competence-based training (TVET), study on links ACQF-AfCFTA, African Curriculum study, SADCQF review report
- Capacity development programme and Learning Management System (LMS)
- 2 Training Weeks
- 20 Peer Learning Webinars
- 5 Advisory Group meetings
- Work together with RECs: SADC, EAC, IGAD
- Work with countries on NQF development
- Many participations in international conferences (UNESCO, EAC, IGAD, SADC. IUCEA)



ACQF Website

www.acqf.africa

- Navigate or use Search function very useful
- Contains all ouputs, materials, information of ACQF-I and ACQF-II
- Resources: mapping studies; thematic areas (on: RPL, micro-credentials)
- Capacity development space (all PPTs, videos, reports, guides)
 - ➤ 15 peer learning Webinars; 2 training weeks; 2 workshops SADC; 5 webinars AQVN; 11 thematic briefs; 10 Training Modules
- Snapshot on NQFs in 2 views: map and table
- 10 Guidelines



2. ACQF-II project supports implementation



The foundations of ACQF-II





The project ACQF-II (2023-2026)

Objectives, outputs, activities









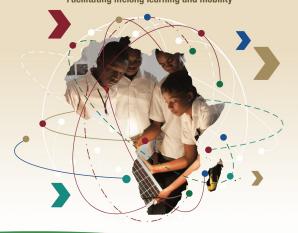
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- 3. Governance. ACQF Qualifications Platform. RPL Campaign. Referencing NQF-ACQF. Common profiles of qualifications

www.acqf.africa

ACQF Project ACQF-II: key facts

Title: Support to the implementation of the ACQF ("ACQF-II")

New project; but builds on and enhances the outputs of the ACQF-I. Continuity: for action and impact. Focused on 7 areas of activity of ACQF Policy Document

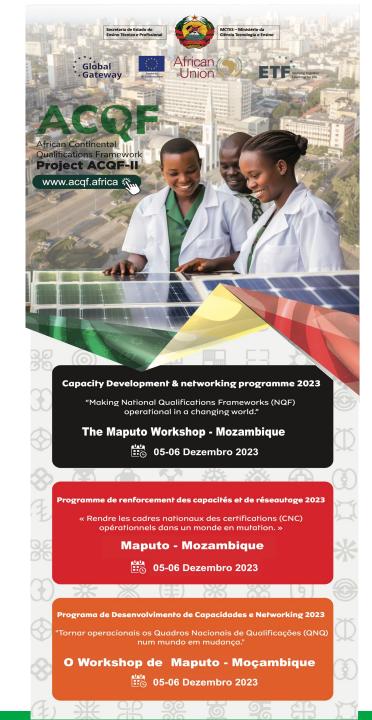
Financed: EU – under the Neighbourhood, Development and International Cooperation Instrument

Duration: from April 2023 to December 2026

ACQF-II is part of the flagship initiative "Youth Mobility for Africa". This flagship is included in the Global Gateway Africa-Europe Investment Package.

ACQF-II project: overview

- Scope: Comprehensive, wide, holistic strategy
- Designed to support the 7 main areas of activity of the ACQF Policy document
- Builds upon the outputs of ACQF-I (esp. 10 Guidelines and TM)
- Geography: Continental, regional, national
- Oriented to action at all levels (national, regional, continental)
- Research and analysis: support effectiveness and quality of the activities
- Work together with national and regional authorities and stakeholders
- **Technical Implementation Team** mix of professional experiences in relevant thematic domains, countries, languages
- Managed by ETF: EU Agency. Longstanding experience and expertise in NQF-RQF, skills development, TVET, recognition of qualifications, LMIs



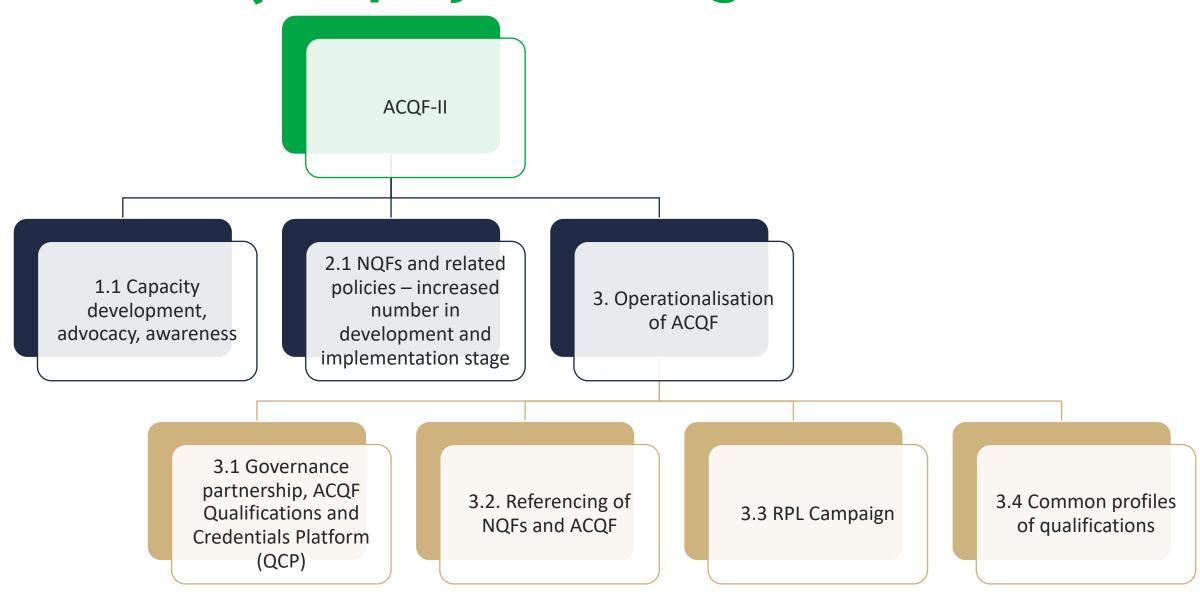


Overall Objective and outcomes

- The Overall Objective (Impact) of this action is to contribute to improved mobility, lifelong learning opportunities for African youth, as a result of enhanced comparability and transparency of qualifications, recognition of skills and diplomas, improved mutual trust and information-sharing between qualifications frameworks and systems on the continent.
- The Specific Objectives (Outcomes):
- 1. Strengthen capacities at continental (AU), national and regional levels enabling the implementation of the ACQF functions and services.
- 2. Support the development and implementation of national qualifications frameworks and systems, and cooperation with regional qualifications frameworks.
- 3. Set-up and operationalise the ACQF systems for delivery of the services and results in
 - (i) referencing national qualifications frameworks or systems and ACQF,
 - (ii) ACQF qualifications management (QCP)
 - (iii) recognition of skills and qualifications,
 - (iv) cooperation with regional and other qualifications frameworks globally
 - (v) development of common profiles of qualifications for priority sectors of free trade, inclusive economic integration, emerging occupations, green jobs, in cooperation with AfCFTA.



ACQF-II project strategic framework



ACQF

ACQF-II: modalities of work with countries

- Based on national ownership and leadership
- Provision of expertise on the key themes
- Small pilot projects; not large financial transfers
- Workshops, training programmes, webinars
- Development of national policy documents and guidelines (on: NQF, RPL, CATS, Monitoring and Evaluation, registration of qualifications)
- Digitalisation
 - ➤ Development Websites of National Qualification Authorities
 - ➤ Digital register of qualifications part of ACQF QCP



Ghana: 5 days workshop "Developing the ecosystem of NQF-RPL-CATS, 26/02 to 01/'3/2024)

1.1 Capacity development

- > 3 main delivery types:
 - Training workshops (onsite, streaming)
 - Webinars
 - Conferences



> 3 geographies:

- Multicountry
- Regional
- National

> Thematic areas:

- NQF NQS: wide area
- RPL, credit systems
- New developments and innovation in the domain of qualifications and credentials
- Digitalisation



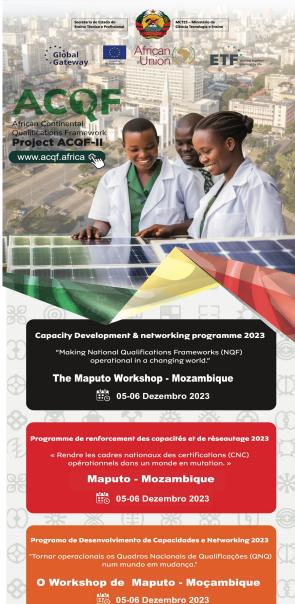
ACQF Report 2023: 1.1 capacity development

- SADC TVET Symposium and SADCQF workshop: 8-12/May
- ACQF-II Inaugural Conference Addis, 11-13 July 2023
- Programme of 3 capacity development workshops on theme "Making NQFs operational in a time of change".
 Agenda and all workshop materials and presentations are accessible at the indicated webpages:
 - 9-11/Oct: Nairobi
 - 07-08/Nov: Accra
 - 05-06/Dec: Maputo
- Photos and memories by workshop: available at the Gallery on ACQF website.
- Participants: between 75 and 50-55 per workshop.
 - In Nairobi and Accra: representatives of the 11 priority countries and other countries with advanced NQF experiences (South Africa)
 - In Maputo: representatives of 23 countries.



ACQF

Themes and hosting cities 2023



Wider theme: Making NQF operational in a changing world

- NQFs are changing
- · Conceptualising, building NQF
- Social dialogue for responsive NQFs
- Monitoring outcomes, reviewing NQFs
- Digitalisation
- Qualifications are changing
- Validation of learning outcomes
- Common profiles of qualifications
- New skills for double transition: green and digital
- What about AI in education?
- LLL and the role of NQFs
- Credit systems
- Articulation: hopes and realities
- Recognition of qualifications: linkages with recognition of qualifications
- Skills and qualifications for a changing economy and society
- ACQF-II: contributing to better qualifications frameworks, and recognition of skills and competences

ACQF Country-specific capacity development activities directly linked to NQF dialogue (2023-24)



ACQF 2.1 NQFs and related policies and instruments: support to development and implementation – country level, regions

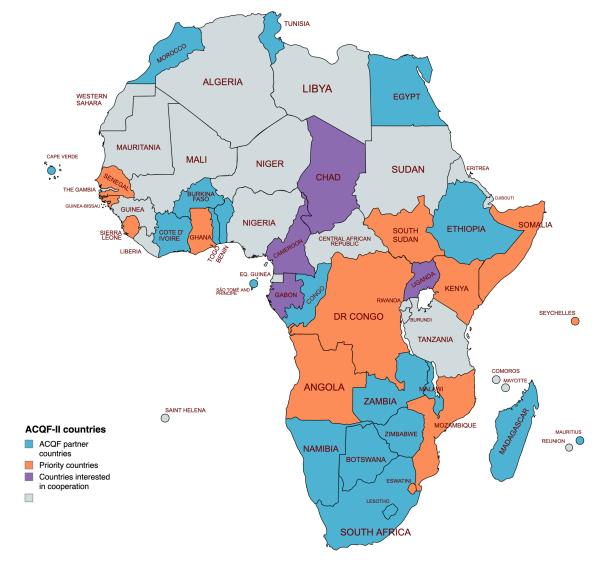
- Methodology common approach
- Baseline analysis Activity Plan
- Implementation at country level / supported by the regional level
- Action-oriented output: policies, guidelines, methods, technical proposals
- Inventory: information gathering, analysis: NQF, RPL, micro-credentials
- Monitor, collect feedback, analysis disseminate lessons at ACQF conferences



ACQF

Support to development of national policies (NQF-RPL-CATS)

- Priority countries: Angola, DR Congo, Eswatini, Ghana, Guiné-Bissau, Kenya, Mozambique, Senegal, Seychelles, Sierra Leone, Somalia, South Sudan
- Interested in cooperation: Chad, Cameroon, Gabon, Uganda
- Other partner countries: all SADC, Cap Verde, Egypt, Morocco, Tunisia, Ethiopia, Togo, Benin





3.1 Governance: 3 areas

Governance partnership

- ACQF AG
- Support
 establishment
 African
 Qualifications
 Network
- Focal points

Qualifications and credentials Platform

- National databases
 Integrated database
- Platform for endusers

Cooperation with Conventions and Frameworks

- Addis Recognition Convention: links NQFs and recognition of qualifications
- EQF and other regional frameworks



Micro-credentials



First African Survey on Micro-Credentials: completed

Pilot project: Inventory of microcredentials in Seychelles; Policy; Capacity development (May – October 2024)

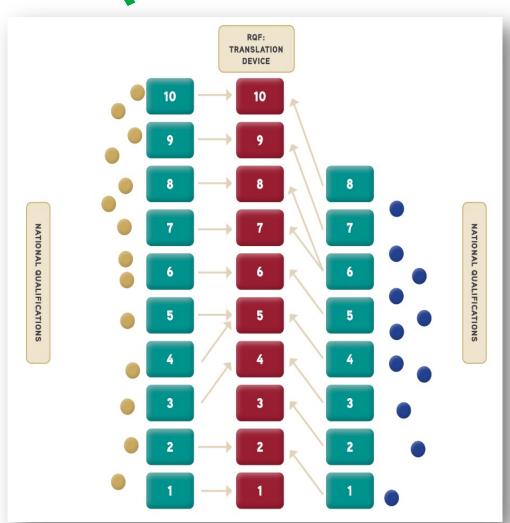
Capacity development and peer learning: African workshop (October 2024), hosted by Seychelles Qualifications Authority

ACQF: ECCAS-COMESA Meeting 17 April



3.2 Referencing NQF(S) - ACQF

- A process of comparison, mutual understanding and trust: good for countries, regions, continent
- Use of ACQF levels on national qualifications after successful referencing to ACQF
- Publication referencing reports
- Countries expressed interest to start referencing: Kenya, Cap Verde, Seychelles, South Africa, Mozambique





3.3 RPL Campaign

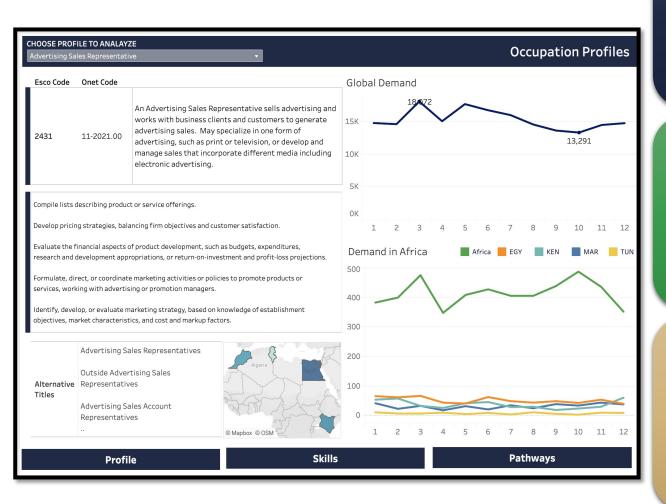
- Making visible learning outputs from all contexts; support people's LLL and social inclusion; integration of migrants and refugees
- Campaign:
 - Information and encouragement
 - New Handbook RPL Practitioners
 - Training of practitioners
 - Call: good practices
 - New developments and innovation
 - Pilot projects



Visit ACQF website: Resources – RPL Gives Us WIngs



3.4 Common profiles of qualifications



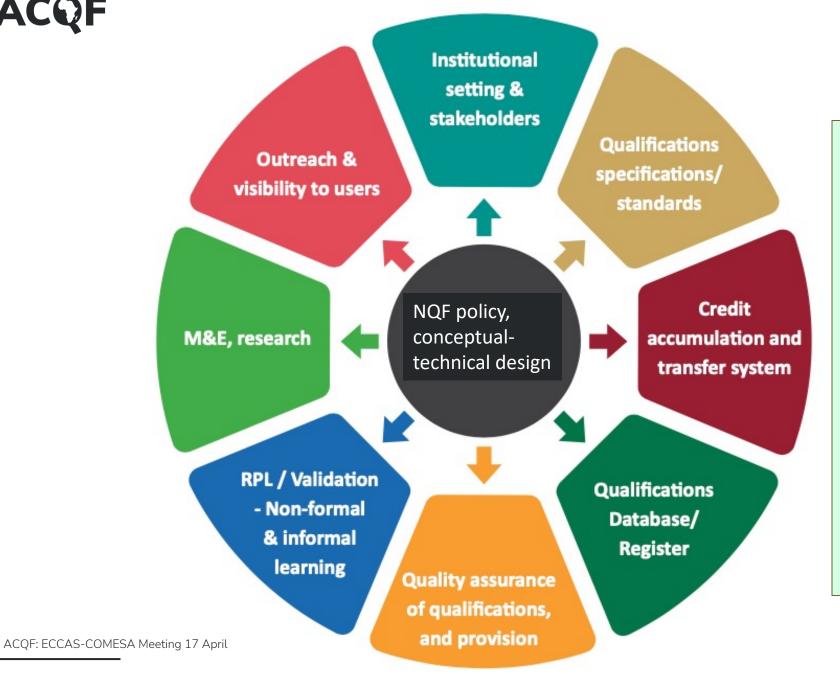
As reference for development of national qualifications standards

1st step: 20 common profiles – datadriven. Digital tool and visualisation platform (hosted on ACQF website from end April)

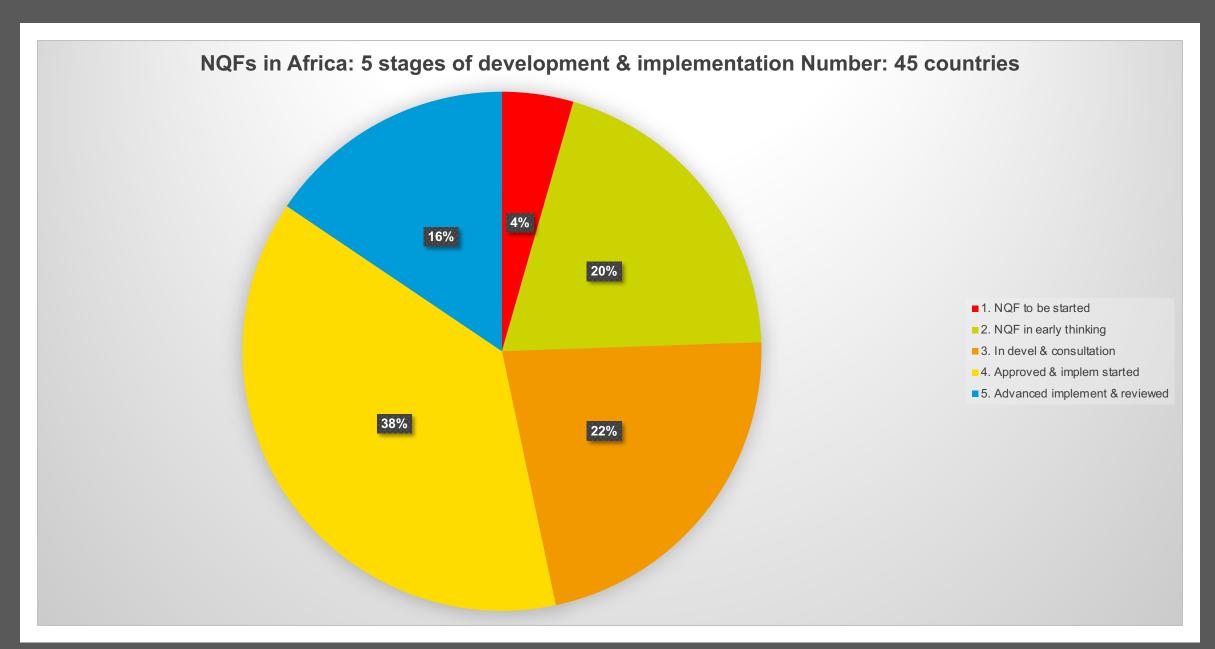
2nd step: methodology for working groups; use of skills classification

3. Supporting change, synchronisation

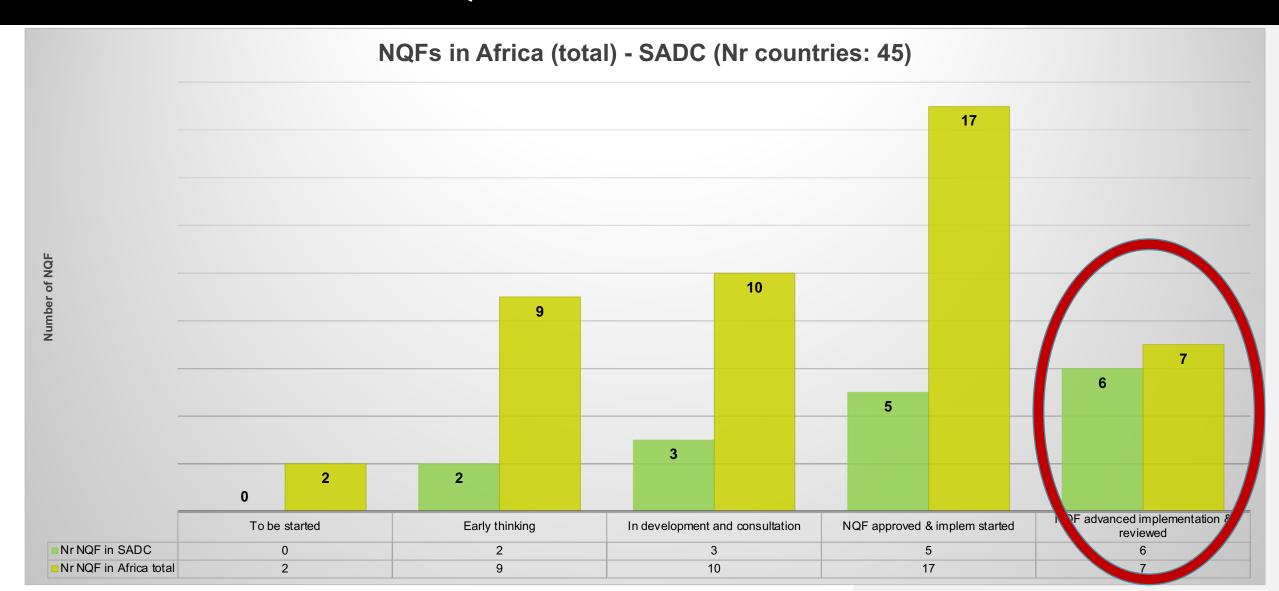




- NQF: a systemic view or an eco-system
- NQFs do not work in isolation
- NQF must adapt to change and meet new demands from the transformation of work, technology, learning, climate, demography
- NQFs and RQFs belong to all stakeholders



NQF IN AFRICA - SADC



ACQF supporting change and synchronisation

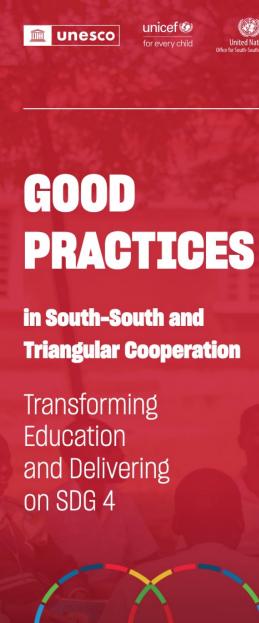
A. Change and synchronisation

- > South-South dialogue, sharing, common African knowledge basis
- Capacity development and networking for mutual trust (multi-country)
- > Complementarity and support to countries' NQF and related policies
- > Holistic view to education-training and qualifications
- > Emphasis on new themes: micro-credentials, green skills, RPL
- > ACQF QCP
- Sustainability: A new "African Qualifications Network" based on Countries' initiatives



South-South dialogue and sharing: ACQF among the good practices 2023

https://www.southsouth-galaxy.org/wpcontent/uploads/2023/09/Good-Practices-in-SSTC-Transforming-Education-and-Delivering-on-SDG4.pdf





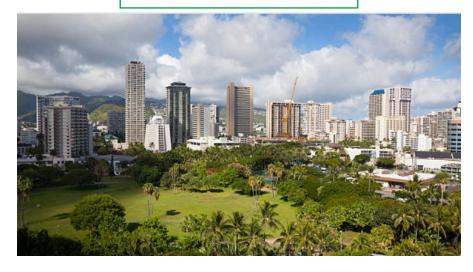


ACQF-II Training programme 2023

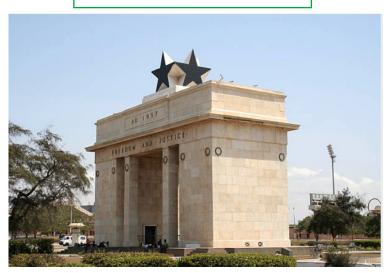
Hosted by the national authorities - ownership



Nairobi: 9-11/Oct



Accra: 7-8/Nov



Maputo: 5-6/Dec



ACQF: ECCAS-COMESA Meeting 17 April

The Nairobi workshop







Participation and ownership. Co-hosted by KNQA

The Accra Workshop



ACQF: ECCAS-COMESA Meeting 17 April



Participation and ownership Co-hosted by GTEC



The Maputo Workshop







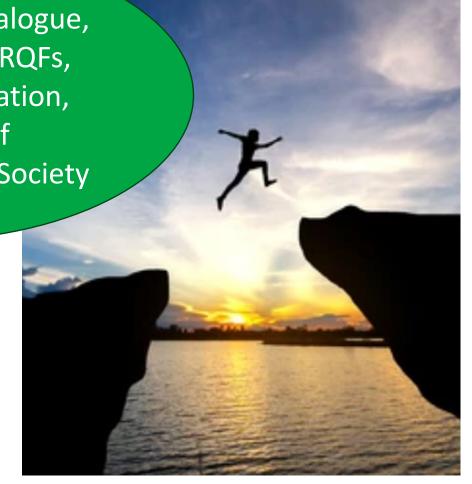
Participation and ownership.
Co-hosted by CNAQ / ANEP

ACQF Holistic view on education-skills and qualifications

- Education, training, upskilling – in a lif perspective
 - All sectors and qualifications

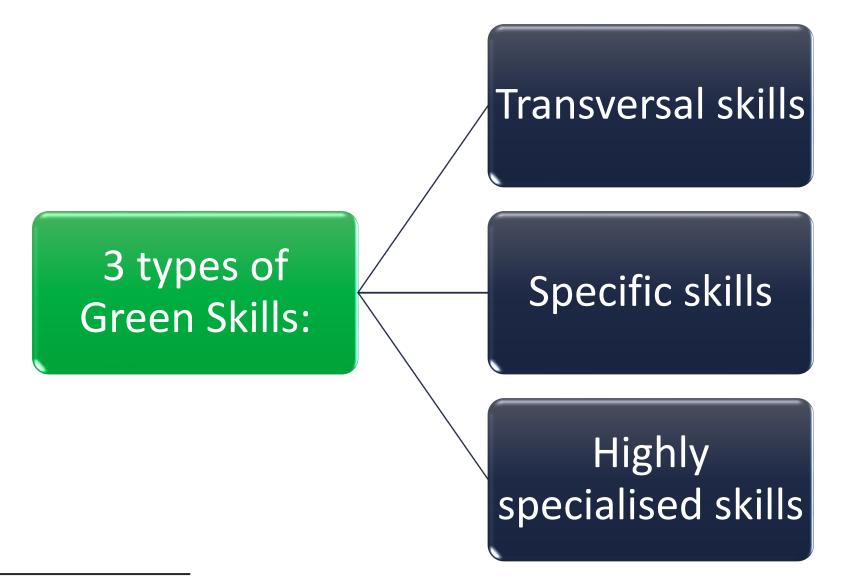
Multiple loops of dialogue, cooperation: with RQFs, TVET, Higher Education, Recognition of Qualifications, Civil Society

- All modalities of learn.
- All forms of recognition of learning outcomes
- All types of credentials and qualifications
- Digitalisation





Green skills: the new imperative



Greener jobs future

- To compensate for expected job losses, global efforts to decarbonize in response to the climate crisis are giving rise to a wealth of green jobs across sectors and industries.
- A green-recovery scenario could generate around 3.5% of additional global GDP growth and a net employment gain of 9 million new jobs each year, according to International Energy Agency data.
- The green transition could create 30 million jobs globally in clean energy, efficiency and low-emissions technologies by 2030.
- But while there has been continued growth in green jobs for the past four years, reskilling and upskilling towards green skills is not keeping pace.

https://www.weforum.org/agenda/2023/04/future-jobs-2023-fastest-growing-decline

ACQF Top 20 Green Skills Kenya

		Nº unique job
Skills / skill set	% (from 20)	postings
renewable energy	22,95%	2.598
agroforestry	9,08%	1.028
clean energy	6,54%	740
sustainable business	6,47%	732
solar energy	6,27%	710
circular economy	5,64%	638
environmental sustainability	5,48%	620
development economics	5,05%	572
biomass	4,22%	478
solar systems	3,45%	390
environmental protection	3,41%	386
energy efficiency	3,41%	386
sustainable energy	3,38%	382
sustainable agriculture	2,99%	338
climate smart agriculture	2,54%	288
green energy	2,31%	262
iso 14001	2,19%	248
agroecology	1,80%	204
solar products	1,63%	184
electric vehicle	1,18%	134

ACQF: ECCAS-COMESA Meeting



ACQF Kenya: Green skills required for selected occupations

Occupation	Green skill	Unique Job postings (Oct 22-Jul 23)
Electronics mechanics and servicers	solar panels	7
	solar energy	2
	environmental protection	2
Environmental engineers	environmental sustainability	32
	environmental protection	19
	sustainable procurement	9
	renewable energy	9
	sustainable business	7
	energy efficiency	7
	sustainable energy	5
	circular economy	4
	development economics	3
	climate smart agriculture	3
	green energy	2
	ecotourism	2
	clean energy	2
	carbon footprint reduction	2
	sustainable agriculture	1
	sustainability performance	1
	iso 14001	1
	hydroponics	1
	clean technology	1
	agroforestry	1
Metal production process controllers	iso 14001	2
Statistical, mathematical and related	environmental protection	18
associate professionals	clean energy	18
	energy efficiency	11
	green building	9
	sustainable materials	6
	sustainable building	6
	sustainable agriculture	6
	renewable energy	5
	circular economy	5
	biomass	4
	agroforestry	4
Meeting 17 April	sustainable energy	3
	hydropower	1
	biofuels	1

ACQF: ECCAS-COMES



A defined and central place for green skills



Conceptual Framework for Africa?

Reflection and dialogue in the education and training system

Review and adjust curricula, modules, qualifications

Integrating green skills into the level descriptors of NQF (skills, attitudes...)

Contextualized Best Practices: Identify, Analyse, Compare, Use

Cooperate: Top-down and bottom-up



ACQF surveys

- On NQF
- On Micro-Credentials
- On RPL





RPL Campaign

- New Handbook on RPL for Practitioners
- Training programme for RPL Practitioners: Sept 2024, Nairobi
- Call for good practices
- RPL Survey (done) and analysis
- RPL National Policies
- High interest among ACQF countries

RPL: LEGAL BASIS ADOPTED AND

REVISED

SEYCHELLES QUALIFICATIONS AUTHORITY

National Guidelines for the Implementation of Recognition of Prior Learning (RPL)

July 2017



SEYCHELLES QUALIFICATIONS AUTHORITY

National Policy for the Recognition of Prior Learning (RPL)

February 2017



Terça-feira, 17 de Agosto de 2021

I SÉRIE — Número 158

BOLETIM DA REPÚBLICA

Decreto n.º 58/2021

PUBLICAÇÃO OFICIAL DA REPÚBLICA DE MOÇAMBIQUE

Havendo necessidade de dotar o Subsistema de Educação Profissional de normas e procedimentos, aplicados ao processo de reconhecimento de competências adquiridas, atravês de aprendizagem ao longo da vida, em contextos de trabalho, formação não formal e indirormal, ao abrigo do disposto n.º 2 do artigo 15, da Lei n.º 23/2014, de 23 de Setembro, Lei de Educação Profissional, alterada e republicada pela Lei n.º 6/2016, de 16 de Junho, o Conselho de Ministros decreta:

ARTIGO 1

É aprovado o Sistema de Reconhecimento de Competências Adquiridas, abreviadamente designado SRCA, em anexo, que é parte integrante do presente Decreto.

ARTIGO 2

Compete ao titular superintende a área do ensino técnico profissional aprovaro Regulamento do Sistema de Reconhecimento de Competências Adquiridas, no prazo de 60 dias, a partir da data da publicação do presente Decreto.

O presente Decreto entra em vigor na data da sua publicação.

Aprovado pelo Conselho de Ministros, aos 20 de Julho de 2021.

Publique-se

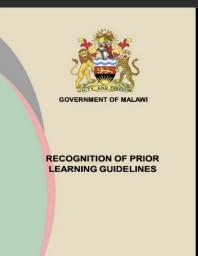
O Primeiro-Ministro, Carlos Agostinho de Rosário.



Government of the Republic of Namibia

Ministry of Education Namibia Qualifications Authority

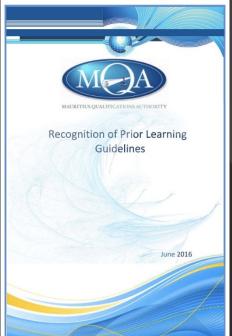
National Policy on Recognition of Prior Learning





RECOGNITION OF PRIOR LEARNING (RPL)

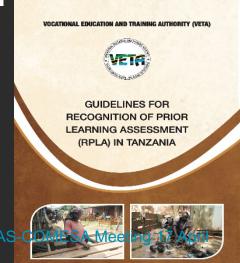
ASSESSORS GUIDE





National Policy and Criteria for the Implementation of Recognition of Prior Learning (Amended in March 2019)



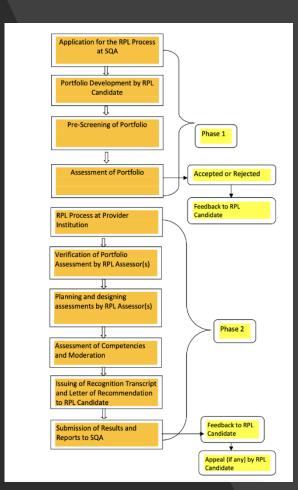


RPL - IMPLEMENTATION



RPL Candidate is provided with relevant information about the process and requirements RPL Candidate identifies a qualificatio RPL Candidate and facilitator meet to build and finalise portfolio RPL candidate submit Portfolio to the MQA for onward transmission to awarding body Candidate informed of Skills Gaps **RPL Candidate** awarded the

RPL Process Flow Chart



Mauritius

ACQF: ECCAS-CS Eychelles

ACQF Qualifications and Credentials Platform: a gamer changer

Enhance qualifications management

Qualifications Databases Network

- National Qualifications Databases with users Platform
- Continental Qualifications Database with users Platform

Improve informationsharing

Interoperability (African and beyond)



Sustainability: new African Qualifications Network

- Result of 1st TVET Round Table 10-14 November 2023, Kinshasa
- Package of Recommendations – to AUC
- Key features and proposals on mission and governance of the Network





Questions, ideas, suggestions?







Questions?

