

ACQF Peer Learning Webinar 9 30 June 2021

## ACQF Peer Learning Webinar 30 June

# • We start at 10.00 GMT 11.00 RDC, 12.00 South Africa, 13.00 East Africa, 14.00 Mauritius

- Nous commençons à 10.00 GMT
  - Vamos começar às 10.00 GMT

# ACQF Peer Learning Webinar 9 30 June

- Welcome
- We start soon
- Please use TRANSLATION – select your
- You can keep your camera on, but sound off, if not speaking
- If you did not give consent to record – please camera off

- Bienvenu(e)s
- Début sous peu
- Veuillez utiliser TRADUCTION –

votre langue préférée

 Vous pouvez garder l'image – mais son étteint si vous ne parlez pas

- Benvindo(a)s
- Começamos em breve
- Por favor, use a
   TRADUÇÃO –
   selecione o seu
   idioma preferido
- Pode manter a sua imagem; mas o som apagado enquanto não fala

## Main topics of this session 1

Agenda of the Peer Learning Webinar

African experiences shared today

ACQF Capacity development programme

# PLW 9 – 30 June 2021

Time, heure, hora	Theme, theme, tema	Speaker, orateur, orador		
10.00-10.10	Opening and welcome. Ouverture. Abertura	AUC		
10.10-10.30	Overview of learning and issues discussed at previous PLW	ACQF project		
Session 1				
10.30-11.10	African Quality Assurance experiences	Secretary General of		
Session 2	<ul> <li>CAMES – African and Malagasy Council for Higher Education. Goals, programmes, instruments, status of LMD.</li> </ul>	CAMES		
11.10-11.40	African Quality Assurance experiences – Expériences	ANAQ-Sup		
Session 3	Africaines en Assurance Qualité – Experiências Africanas de Garantia de Qualidade			
	<ul> <li>ANAQ-Sup - Senegal: quality assurance in higher education – policy, system, implementation</li> </ul>			
11.40-12.10	African experiences	Africa Early Childhood		
	<ul> <li>Early childhood education and development – towards a continental framework – role of qualifications</li> </ul>	Network (AfECN)		
12.10-12.30	Discussion, interactive assessment, main conclusions	ACQF Project		

## AFRICAN EXPERIENCES QUALITY ASSURANCE HIGHER EDUCATION EARLY CHILDHOOD EDUCATION AND DEVELOPMENT

# **CAMES**: Secretary General, Prof. Bertrand Mbatchi

**ANAQ-Sup**: Executive Secretary, Prof. Lamine Gueye (Senegal)

AfECN: Mr Moses Abiero, Programme manager

# 2. Context: ACQF is in development



## ACQF development project (09/2019-2022)



Component of "Skills for Youth Employability" / Skills Initiative for Africa (SIFA) – Technical cooperation



<u>Main objective</u>: lay the foundations for the ACQF as a sustainable policy instrument contributing to relevant continental policies

CONTINENTAL EDUCATION STRATEGY FOR AFRICA 2016 - 2025 CESA 16-25

# Main Output: ACQF Policy and Technical Document and Action Plan

- ACQF Guidelines. Analysis and evidence
- Capacity development programme
- Participative approach





## VISION FOR THE ACQF



Enhance comparability, quality and transparency of qualifications from all sub-sectors and levels of education and training and support people's lifelong learningoutcomes;



Facilitate recognition of diplomas and certificates, and mobility of learners and workers;



- Work in complementarity with national and regional qualifications frameworks, and support the creation of a common African education space;
- Promote cooperation and alignment between qualifications frameworks (national, regional) in Africa and worldwide.

#### Principles:

- Inclusive: all levels Qualif<sup>o</sup>
- Innovation-ready
- Open: users, stakeholders' needs

#### Functions:

- <u>Overarching framework against which national and</u> regional frameworks and level descriptors - can be calibrated.
- <u>Referencing / alignment qualifications framework –</u> NQF-RQF
- <u>Reference</u> for comparison with other international frameworks
- <u>Hub, catalyst</u> for development of national qualifications frameworks and their instruments

## **Components Capacity Development Programme (CDP) Combination of modalities for different needs (2021)**



## Peer Learning Webinars 2021 <u>Complementarity</u>: NQF - Quality Assurance - Recognition

<u>3 June</u>	<u>30 June</u> Quality Assurance Higher education	<u>22 July</u>	<u>23 September</u>	<u>28 October</u> NQF –systemic
NQF Seychelles NQF Namibia	Regional - CAMES Senegal - Anaq-Sup	NQF-TVET Registers qualifications	Learning outcomes ACQF Level descriptors	view School curriculum survey TVET-NQF
RPL Kenya	Early childhood education & developm	Recognition qualifications	QA Guidelines	reforms ACQF-AfCFTA

## 10 Guidelines and training modules

1. Learning outcomes

2. Level descriptors

3. Referencing NQF-ACQF: criteria, process, tools

4. Validation of learning: RPL, CATS, recognition

5. Quality assurance

6. Registration, databases of qualifications

7. Monitoring & evaluation in the context ACQF

8. Communication / users' outreach

9. Innovation and technology in NQFs / ACQF

10. Qualifications, NQFs, NQS - systemic view

# Thematic briefs

## 8 briefs

- Concepts and definitions
- Competences' frameworks
- Level descriptors
- Quality Assurance in TVET
- Regional qualifications frameworks (RQF)
- Governance of NQFs
- Registration and databases of qualifications
- Recognition of prior learning

## Case studies



## For information, self-learning

https://www.etf.europa.eu/en/news-and-events/events/acqf-peer-learningwebinar-9

## From previous webinar (03 June)

**Seychelles:** NQF – part of national strategy to incorporate standards and quality into the national education and training system. Since 2008. SQA. Qualifications map: architecture 10 levels, qualif. types, notional hours, pathways. Over 100 qualifications registered. Aligned with SAQCQF

Namibia NQF: E-T is about People, Planet, Change. <u>NQF Purpose</u>: reform, communicate, redress, QA, articulate, progression, mobility. 10 levels. <u>Qualif</u> <u>types</u>: Certificates (L1-8), diplomas (L5-8), Degrees (L7-10) – defined NQF credits. <u>NQA</u> (NQ Act 1996) – Council & Committees, Secretariat, CEO; wide range of functions: from standards setting to evaluation and validation

**RPL Kenya, KNQA**: tool for LLL, empower individuals to self-determination, education, better employment; paradox of shortage of relevant qualified workforce while there is island of skilled / experienced workers without proof qualification. **RPL**: identify, assess, certify KSC regardless where and how learning occurred / standards – part or full qualification. RPL policy framework taking shape fast - integrate RPL in E-T system and NQF. Roadmap implementation. Package of tools and guides. NAC appointed. Piloting started 19/05/2021: motor vehicle mechanics, welding, textile. Highest level political support.





# Questions, discussion

# Questions on Quality Assurance Higher Education

- Les défis et surtout l'opportunité des grandes transformations globales en cours (transitions numérique, verte, technologique, sociale) pour le renouveau de l'enseignement supérieur: quelle est la vision du CAMES et de l'ANAQ-Sup à ce sujet?
- Face à l'urgence et échelle massive des besoins en formation continue / tout au long de la vie (tous niveaux, compétences, métiers): quel type de réponses sont envisageables dans le contexte de l'espace CAMES / Sénégal (par ex.: flexibilité, digitalisation et innovation des formations et des nouvelles certifications, telles que les "microcertificats")?
- Quelle est la place des micro-certificats dans l'eco-système de l'AQ de l'ES, c'est-à dire, avez vous une politique d'ouverture envers ces nouveaux types de certifications?

# Questions on Quality Assurance Higher Education

- The challenges and especially the opportunity of the major global transformations underway (digital, green, technological, social transitions) for the renewal of higher education: what is the vision of CAMES and ANAQ-Sup on this subject?
- Faced with the urgency and massive scale of the needs in continuing training / throughout life (all levels, skills, professions): what kind of responses are possible in the context of the CAMES space / Senegal (e.g. flexibility, digitalisation and innovation of training and new certifications, such as "micro-certificates")?
- What is the place of **micro-credentials** in the eco-system of the Quality assurance of Higher education, that is to say, do you have a policy of openness towards these "new" types of certificates?

# Questions and answers On ECED – to AfECN: Moses Abiero

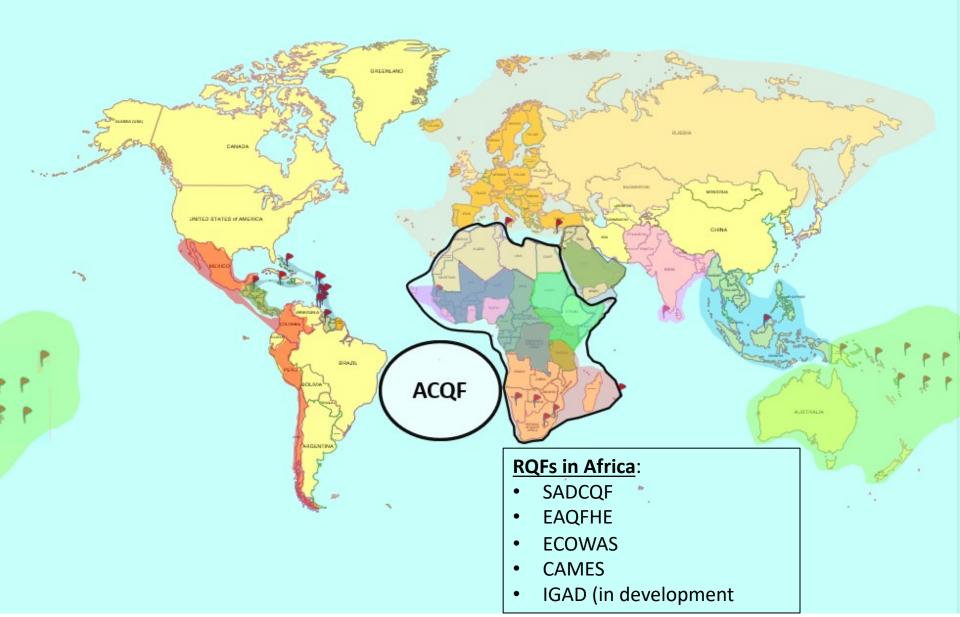
**Early childhood development stage / period and Lifelong learning of individuals**: please could you share your views on the links between EC development stage and LLL. How can ECE better prepare children for learning to learn, for a culture of learning?

In many regions and countries globally a top skill on demand by employers is "adaptability" (meaning: flexibility, openness, agility). Analysts believe that this skill must be developed, nurtured from EC development stage. What are your views on this matter? How can ECE better prepare for skills for the future?

## 3. For reference: ACQF at a glance – 2020-2022



#### ACQF is in development...



## **ACQF: Enablers and opportunities**

- Africa: Youth repository of the world
- Advances in human development: projected educational attainment, life expectancy

- **Free Trade:** AfCFTA largest in the world
- **AU Free movement** protocol
- **Continental Education Strategy for Africa-25** PAQAF

NQFs: approved, started

implementation – 21

thinking - 17

implementation & advanced

**NQFs**: in development, early

- **Green recovery:** large investments – Climate-Smart Agriculture, Clean Energy, Green Banking
- **Digital transformation:** economy, learning



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# Building the ACQF (2021-2022)

<u>Output 1</u>: Scenarios and options for the ACQF Feasibility and features in

different scenarios

Output 2: ACQF policy and technical document and action plan

Objectives, functioning and governance of ACQF

Mapping Study

1st step was:

Output 3: ACQF Capacity development programme & networking

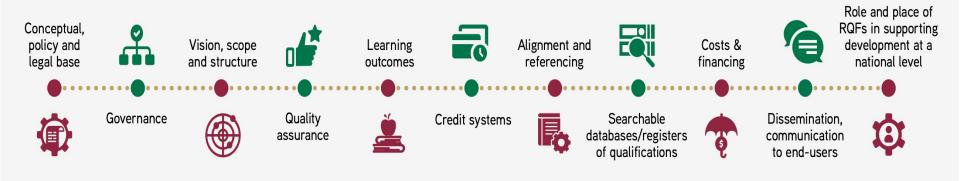
#### <u>Technical</u> <u>foundations</u>:

ACQF Guidelines; ACQF website; other analyses (AfCFTA, School curriculum survey)

#### 11 themes Holistic & consistent view – all Outputs ACQF project

#### ACQF mapping study design

The mapping study was designed according to eleven thematic areas, which provided the conceptual framework in which the analysis took place, elaborated in the main ACQF project planning document and in the terms of reference of the study. The themes cover the key policy and technical areas in which qualifications frameworks develop and are implemented, namely:



Translated into ACQF Guidelines and Training Modules







## School curriculum survey – launched (4 May) Objectives of this initiative

**Objective of this initiative**: Conduct a survey to map the state of play and developments of school curricula, so as to identify the different curriculum policies and practices, to compare their application, trends, similarities and divergences, and the interactions of curricula with National Qualifications Frameworks.

The conclusions and findings of the mapping study will underpin and inform the design of a possible future African Continental Curriculum Framework (ACCF), to be developed under the auspices of CESA Curriculum Cluster.







#### **Outputs of the School Curriculum Survey**

#### AUC – African Curriculum Association - CESA Curriculum Cluster **May-October 2021** All countries – online survey (respondents list)

Survey instrument, database Analytical report based on the survey data and a synthesisinfographic

Webinars to present and disseminate the findings and discuss the way forward

#### •••••

# ACQF Mapping study

#### Comprehensive report

 5 chapters, over 200 pages

3 languages

#### ✤ Synthesis report

• 30 pages, 3 languages

#### Snapshot infographic

• 6 pages, 3 languages

- 13 country reports
- 3 REC reports
- Comprehensive report
- Synthesis report
- Analysis LD
- Analysis Qualif
- Inventory NQFs
- Survey report

#### **MAPPING REPORT**

Towards the African Continental Qualifications Framework





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# **ACQF Mapping Study**

**Aim:** stocktaking of state-of-play, main features, current dynamics, perspectives of **<u>qualifications frameworks</u>** on the continent. Commonalities, differences, challenges, opportunities. Interfaces with the future continental QF.

#### **Scope:** national level, RECs.

Common analytical framework: 11 themes; common structure

#### Sources

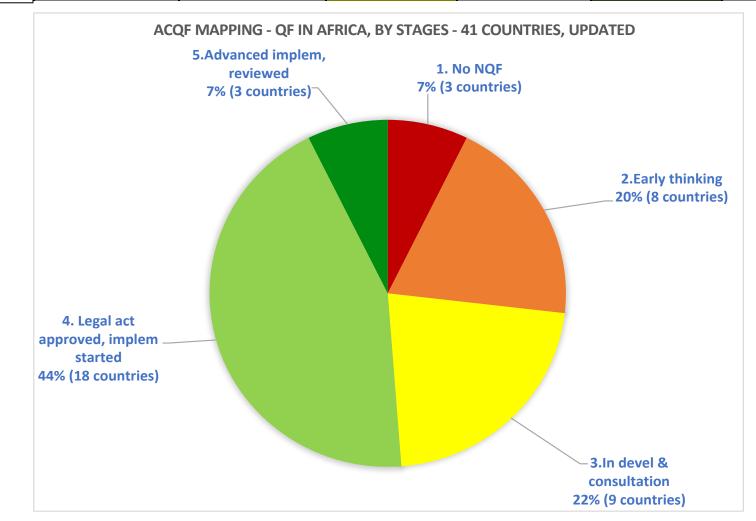
- a) Online survey
- b) Country and REC technical visits; virtual meetings
- c) Documents: inventory, analysis
- d) Updates and exchanges: via peer learning

#### **Review process and exchanges:**

- a) Before, during and after the country visits;
- b) Review of drafts: 1 by external reviewer, 1 by ACQF project, 1 with country representatives / experts
- c) Translations

# **ACQF Mapping study**

				U	5.Advanced implem,	
	1. No NQF	2.Early thinking	consultation	implem started	reviewed	Total
NQFs	3	8	13	14	3	41
Incl sector QFs	3	8	9	18	3	41





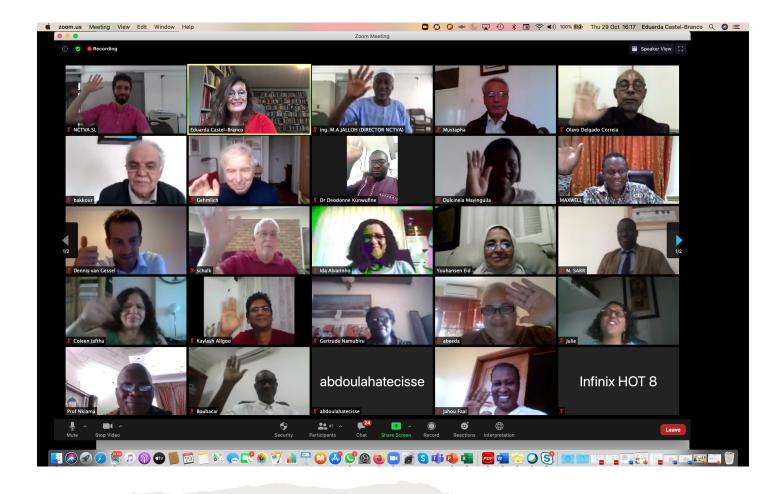


2. ACQF Creates Mutual Trust 3. ACQF Opens

**New Horizons** 

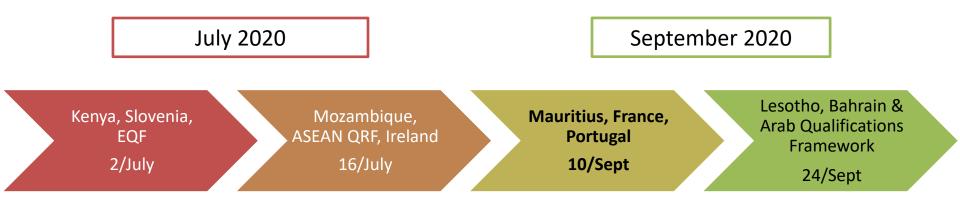
1. ACQF Connects

## Scenarios for the ACQF – looking ahead

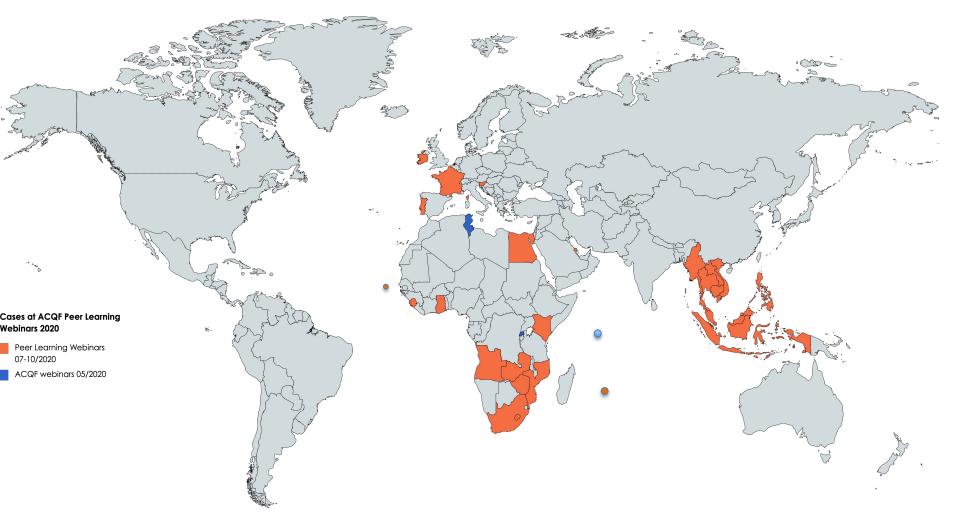


## ACQF - Capacity development programme 2021

#### ACQF Peer learning 2020 – combination of QF experiences







Created with mapchart.net

22 Cases presented at ACQF Peer Learning Webinars 2020 (17 NQFs + 5 RQFs) May webinars: 4 NQFs



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**European Training Foundation**